

POP QUIZ # 5

1. True or False: Cowrie shells were used by the ancient Chinese as money. As demand grew; the genuine shells, which were not native to China, were replaced by ones made from stone and eventually bronze.
2. Many Mexican coins and bank notes contain a symbolic picture of an eagle perched upon a cactus. What does the eagle have in its beak?
 - a. a lizard
 - b. a snake
 - c. an arrow
 - d. a gold nugget
3. The earliest known coins are believed to have originated in what is now?
 - a. Turkey
 - b. China
 - c. Greece
 - d. Tuscany
4. During the World War II German occupation of Greece, the highest denomination drachmai note issued was in the amount of?
 - a. 200,000,000 drachmai (200 million)
 - b. 100,000,000,000 drachmai (100 billion)
 - c. 500,000,000 drachmai (500 million)
 - d. 2,000,000,000 drachmai (2 billion)
5. The Russian rouble is divided into one hundred of what unit?
 - a. chervonetz
 - b. hryvnia
 - c. karbovanets
 - d. kopeks

6. Who appears, together with the Arc de Triumph, on the French 10,000 franc notes of 1955-1958 as well as their provisional issue “new Franc” counterparts of 1958?
7. During World Wars I and II German “Deutsche Kriegsgefangenenlagergeld” was issued for what purpose?
- payments to Jewish refugees
 - used as occupation money
 - used as money in prisoner of war camps
 - for use of the German Armed Forces
8. The first Burundi bank note issue appeared as an overprint on what former bank's notes?
- Banque Centrale du Congo Belge et du Ruanda Urundi
 - Banque Nationale du Katanga
 - Banque du Congo Belge
 - Banque d'Emission du Rwanda et du Burundi
9. Birds are commonplace subjects found on paper money. There are over 200 species to be found on the bank notes of countries across the globe. Shown here are five bird vignettes. Can you match them to their country of origin? Score one point for each correct answer.

a.



b.



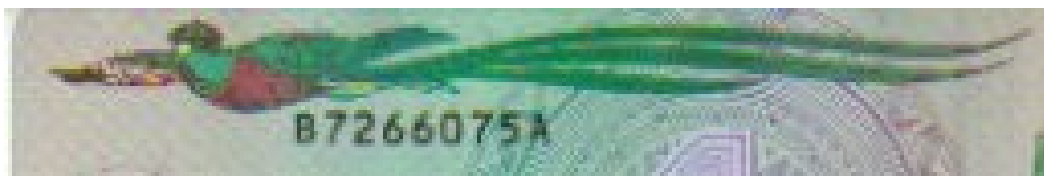
c.



d.



e.



10. The common name for any United States or Canadian note issued between 1812-1876 for one dollar or less is?
- a. green spot
 - b. two bit note
 - c. blue back
 - d. shinplaster
11. Nature printing was a process used to reproduce the image of a leaf on colonial and Continental currency of the American Revolution. Because of the biological accuracy of the print, it was an excellent anti-counterfeiting device of the time. Who invented this process?
- a. Paul Revere
 - b. Benjamin Franklin
 - c. Thomas Jefferson
 - d. Eldridge Gerry
12. The people of Mongolia are nomadic herdsmen who move their homes from time to time to new pasture land as shown on this 500 tugrik bill. The name for this mobile dwelling is?



- a. caravan on wheels
- b. igloo
- c. tepee
- d. yurt

13. Peru's daredevil hero, who flew his bi-plane upside down to avoid being shot down during the 1941 war with Ecuador, was whom?
 - a. Manuel Quezon
 - b. Ricardo Palma
 - c. Abelardo Quiñones
 - d. Gago Coutinho

14. George III of Great Britain was featured on the heavy (2 ounce) and unpopular 1797 twopence coin popularly known as the?
 - a. cartwheel
 - b. albatross
 - c. millstone
 - d. poor man's guinea

15. True or False: Several countries have resorted to the practice of cutting their bank notes in half for the purpose of creating smaller denominations. Among these were Greece, Colombia, Poland and Germany.

16. The term for various coin alloys of metal containing less than 50 percent silver with the balance being mostly copper is?
 - a. aconital
 - b. billon
 - c. antimony
 - d. fools metal

17. Circular machine-generated patterns are found on many bank notes and other financial instruments. They can be extremely attractive and are used on paper money because they are difficult to counterfeit. What is this pattern called?
 - a. a rosette
 - b. the intaglio
 - c. a fleur-de-lys
 - d. a guilloche

18. In what year did the Australian government switch from the pound and shilling system to the present decimal system?
- 1963
 - 1920
 - 1980
 - 1951
19. After the collapse of the Austria-Hungarian Empire following World War I, many successor states overprinted former Austria-Hungarian bank notes to serve as their first currency (Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Romania, Serbia). As a result, the new Austrian government, in March 1919, instructed the Austro-Hungarian Bank to do what?
- burn the remainder of its bank note stock
 - create new designs for Austrian use only
 - overprint existing Austro-Hungarian notes with a special cachet indicating use in Austria only.
 - punch cancel the notes to show that they were no longer valid for circulation outside Austria.
20. How many animals can you find on the reverse of this 500 franc (ariary) note of Madagascar?



POP QUIZ # 5 ANSWERS

1. True
2. b. a snake



3. a. Turkey. The world's earliest coins were made from electrum in Asia Minor commencing 620 BC. The designs were punched into the soft electrum leaving an incuse mark often resembling a swastika.
4. b. 100,000,000,000 drachmai. The denomination was shown on the note as “100 EKATON ΔΙΣΕΚΑΤΟΜΜΥΡΙΑ”, or “100 billion drachmai”.



5. d. kopeks

6. c. Napoleon Bonaparte



7. c. used as money in prisoner of war camps

8. d. Banque d' Emission du Rwanda et du Burundi



- | | | | |
|-------|------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| 9. a. | Seychelles | red footed booby | P-23 + 28 |
| b. | Denmark | house sparrows | P- 49 |
| c. | Brazil | white necked hummingbird | P-243 |
| d. | Lithuania | gray herons | P-33 |
| e. | Guatemala | quetzal | P-65 |

10. d. shiplaster

11. b. Benjamin Franklin



Maryland Colonial 6 dollars of 10 April 1774

12. d. yurt





13. c. Abelardo Quiñones

14. a. cartwheel The cartwheel was unpopular because of its excessive weight (2 ounces). The coin was designed to permit the value of the copper in it to approach its face value. With a few of these in your pocket you would have been walking around lop-sided!

15. False. Germany did not subscribe to this practice

16. b. billon

17. d. a guilloche



18. a. 1963

19. c. overprint existing Austro-Hungarian notes with a special cachet indicating use in Austria only.



20. Well, I see only four: a lemur, a great blue heron, a tortoise and a butterfly. But surely there is at least one bug hiding in the botanical garden in the background?

